

## Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Region: Texas

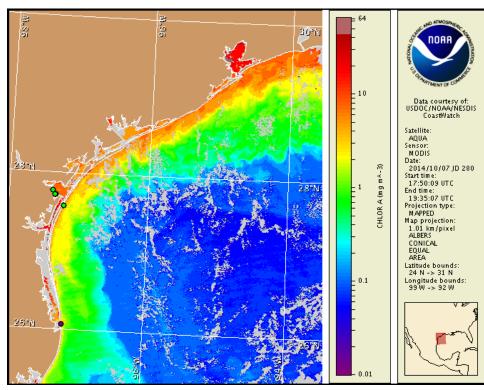
Thursday, 09 October 2014

NOAA National Ocean Service

NOAA Satellite and Information Service

NOAA National Weather Service

Last bulletin: Monday, October 6, 2014



Satellite chlorophyll image with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s), when applicable. Points represent cell concentration sampling data from September 29 to October 8: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/habfs\_bulletin\_guide.pdf

Detailed sample information can be obtained through the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department at: http://www.tpwd.state.tx.us./landwater/water/environconcerns/hab/redtide/status.phtml

## **Conditions Report**

*Karenia brevis* (commonly known as Texas red tide) ranges from not present to very low concentrations along the coast of Texas. No respiratory irritation is expected alongshore Texas Monday, October 9 through Tuesday, October 14.

Check <a href="http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach\_conditions.html">http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach\_conditions.html</a> for recent, local observations.

## **Analysis**

\*\*Note: As of today, October 9, bulletins will be issued once per week on Mondays based on the most recent Karenia brevis water sample data. Bulletins will be issued twice per week when conditions warrant. Due to the upcoming federal holiday, the next bulletin will be issued on Tuesday, October 14.\*\*

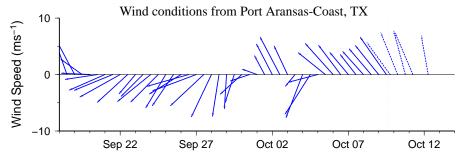
Sampling from Texas A&M University's Imaging FlowCytobot, located on the Port Aransas ship channel, continues to indicate *Karenia brevis* concentrations range from 'not present' to 'very low a' (TAMU; 10/6-9). *K. brevis* concentrations have not been reported from water samples since two samples from the Sea Gun Marina in the Lower Laguna Madre detected 'very low a' concentrations last week (TPWD; 9/30-10/1). No respiratory irritation or fish kills have been reported from alongshore the Texas coast over the past few days (TPWD; 10/6-9). For information on area shellfish restrictions, contact the Texas Department of State Health Services.

In recent MODIS Aqua imagery from 10/7 (shown left), patches of elevated chlorophyll (2 to 9  $\mu$ g/L) are visible along- and offshore from Sabine Pass to Matagorda Island, with patches of elevated chlorophyll (2-5  $\mu$ g/L) visible along- and offshore from San Jose Island to Brazos Santiago Pass. Elevated chlorophyll is not necessarily indicative of the presence of *K. brevis* and the patches from along- and offshore the Sabine Pass to Matagorda Island region are most likely due to the resuspension of benthic chlorophyll and sediments along the coast. *In situ* sampling is necessary to confirm the presence of *K. brevis*.

Forecast models based on predicted near-surface currents indicate that the maximum transport of *K. brevis* cell concentrations from coastal sample locations may be 10km south from the Form Aransas region from October 7-12.

Kavanaugh, Derner

To see previous bulletins and forecasts for other Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin regions, visit the NOAA Harmful Algal Bloom Operational Forecast System bulletin archive: http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins.html

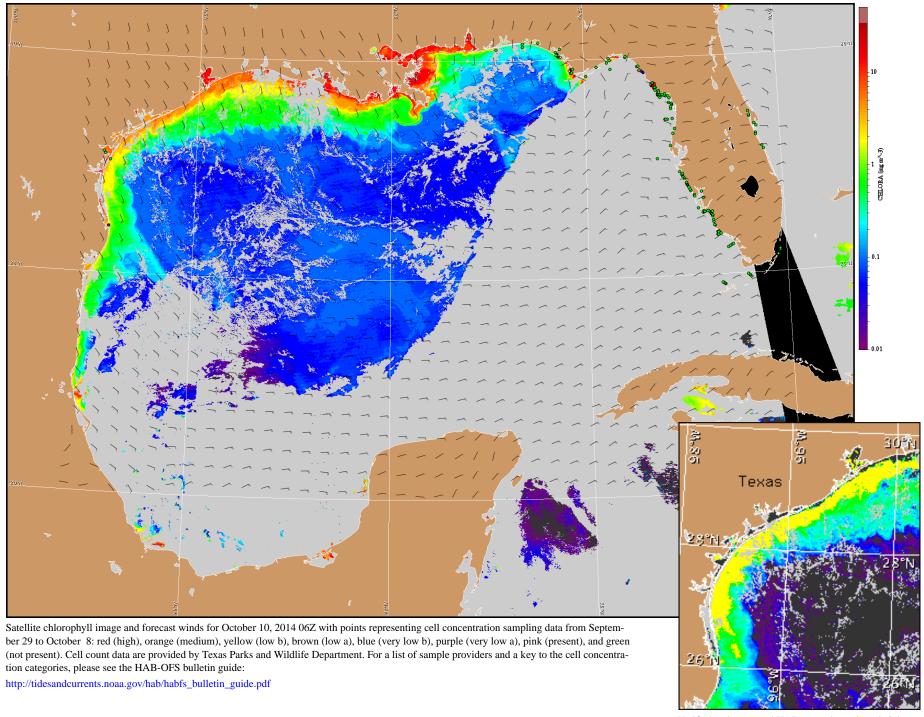


Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS).

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## Wind Analysis

**Port Aransas**: Southeast winds (10-20kn, 5-10m/s) today through Saturday. South winds (10-20kn) Sunday through Monday, becoming west winds (15-20kn, 8-10m/s) Monday night.



Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).